

Algeria dataset (CSV) - events, per-region risk, cyber & sources

1 Day - \$5

1 Week - \$15

1 Month - \$39 - best value

```
function gbBuyCsv(s,dt,range){var
u='/api/data-checkout?country='+encodeURIComponent(s);if(dt)u+='&date='+encodeURIComponent(dt);if(range)u+='&range=
r.json();}).then(function(d){if(d&&d.url){location.href=d.url;}else{alert((d&&d.error)||'Dataset
download is not available yet.')}}).catch(function(){alert('Could not start checkout.')}};
```

Threat Trajectory

Threat Breakdown

Each category 0-100, scored from live conflict, insurgency, crime, protest & Cloudflare Radar cyber feeds. See the full threat matrix

Cyber & Internet Disruption

Layer-7 DDoS attack intensity (0-100, normalized) & internet outages over the last 28 days - Source: Cloudflare Radar.

Situation Summary

Algeria remains a low-to-moderate risk environment globally (rank #182, composite threat score 2/10), with no acute security incidents documented in open sources over the past 24-48 hours. The country's baseline risk profile reflects structural factors-including authoritarian governance, periodic protest cycles, and occasional terrorist activity in remote southern and eastern border zones-rather than an active crisis. No evidence of escalation or new major incidents is visible in current reporting.

Key Developments

No specific, time-stamped security incidents meeting multi-source confirmation criteria have been identified in Algeria within the last 24-48 hours. Open-source monitoring (news wires, government statements, social media, NGO alerts) and real-time web research have yielded no discrete events (attacks, protests, infrastructure failures, or civil unrest) that are both current and corroborated. Absence of reported incidents does not indicate absence of risk; rather, it reflects a period without acute, publicly visible triggering events.

Highest-Risk Areas

Sub-national risk ranking data is unavailable in the current dataset. However, historical patterns indicate elevated concern in:

- Southern border regions (Tamanrasset, Illizi, Adrar): persistent Sahel-linked terrorism and cross-border smuggling/militant movement, though activity remains dispersed and remote.

- Eastern Kabylie and Tizi Ouzou: history of separatist sentiment and periodic protest; generally lower acute risk but sensitive to political triggers.

Risk concentration in these areas reflects geography (proximity to ungoverned Sahel, mountainous terrain favoring clandestine activity) and governance gaps rather than imminent incident likelihood. Capital and major urban centers (Algiers, Oran, Constantine) remain relatively stable operationally, though subject to routine state surveillance and occasional restricted assembly.

How GeoBit Would Assist

Security teams with personnel or assets in Algeria should employ AOI (Area-of-Interest) Monitoring & Early Warning on key facilities and transit corridors, paired with multi-language OSINT (Arabic and French-language news, social media, and local outlets) to detect sub-national incidents faster than English-language global wires. Entity extraction and network analysis of militant and protest actors, combined with sentiment & temporal analysis of social media, enables early detection of protest mobilization or security-force posturing before escalation. Real-time X/Twitter and Telegram OSINT in French and Darija, cross-referenced with government travel advisories and local commercial intelligence partners, provides operational-level situational awareness that open-source research alone cannot guarantee.

7-Day Outlook

No acute developments are forecast in the near term based on current signals. Baseline risks (terrorism in remote areas, periodic state repression of dissent, economic strain) remain managed within Algeria's existing operational envelope. Security teams should maintain standard protocols, monitor local conditions through trusted commercial partners and government advisories, and escalate information-gathering if regional Sahel instability (Mali, Niger, Libya) shows signs of affecting northern Algeria.

Recommendation: For duty-of-care decisions affecting personnel deployment or asset positioning, consult your country's travel advisory and a local commercial security partner with real-time human and technical intelligence feeds in-country. Open-source monitoring is a valuable supplement, not a substitute, for operational security in Algeria.

Sources

- english.aawsat.com
- crisisgroup.org
- en.wikipedia.org
- africanperceptions.org
- [instagram.com](https://www.instagram.com)
- [facebook.com](https://www.facebook.com)
- [facebook.com](https://www.facebook.com)
- [facebook.com](https://www.facebook.com)
- documents.worldbank.org

Previous Daily Briefs

A new Algeria brief is written every day - each with its own risk map and downloadable CSV. Here's the last week; use the calendar to go further back.

- June 4, 2026 CSV - \$5 Browse every day by calendar Highlighted days have a brief. Tap a day for that day's map & analysis, or "csv" for that day's dataset (\$5).

June 2026SMTWTFS1234csv56789101112131415csv161718192021222324252627282930

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REPORTED EVENTS (MOST-CITED)

No high-confidence events in the current window.

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