

Sub-national composite risk - darker = higher. Source: GeoBit.

Gabon dataset (CSV) - events, per-region risk, cyber & sources

1 Day - \$5

1 Week - \$15

1 Month - \$39 - best value

```
function gbBuyCsv(s,dt,range){var
u='/api/data-checkout?country='+encodeURIComponent(s);if(dt)u+='&date='+encodeURIComponent(dt);if(range)u+='&range=
gtag==='function')gtag('event','begin_checkout',{currency:'USD',item_id:'dataset-csv',source:'country-brief',country:s,range:ran
r.json();}).then(function(d){if(d&&d.url){location.href=d.url;}else{alert((d&&d.error)||'Dataset
download is not available yet.';)}).catch(function(){alert('Could not start checkout.';)};}
```

Threat Trajectory

Threat Breakdown

Each category 0-100, scored from live conflict, insurgency, crime, protest & Cloudflare Radar cyber feeds. See the full threat matrix

Cyber & Internet Disruption

Layer-7 DDoS attack intensity (0-100, normalized) & internet outages over the last 28 days - Source: Cloudflare Radar.

Situation Summary

Gabon remains at low-to-moderate risk globally (rank #59, composite score 32), with civil unrest identified as the primary driver of threat. No discrete security incidents have been recorded in the current 24-48 hour window (31 Aug-1 Sep 2026). The security environment is shaped by the political transition following the August 2023 military coup and subsequent institutional consolidation, but no active armed conflict, widespread protest activity, or major crime events are confirmed in the immediate reporting period.

Key Developments

No confirmed security incidents, attacks, protests, or significant law-enforcement actions in Gabon have been reported in the last 24-48 hours. Web search results for 31 Aug-1 Sep 2026 yielded primarily retrospective/commemorative coverage of the 2016 post-electoral violence and regional security news from other countries, but no actionable current events specific to Gabon. Duty-of-care teams should rely on established baseline threat awareness (see "Highest-Risk Areas" below) rather than any acute incident alert at this time.

Highest-Risk Areas

Woleu-Ntem Province (risk score 72) remains by far the highest-risk subnational area, driven by its proximity to Cameroon and Equatorial Guinea, historical smuggling networks, and limited state capacity. Ogooue-Lolo Province (58) and Ngounie Province (48) follow, likely reflecting remoteness,

porous borders, and community tensions. By contrast, Estuaire Province-which includes the capital Libreville and primary economic hubs-carries substantially lower risk (15), as does Ogooue-Ivindo (0), reflecting stronger government presence and economic activity. Organizations with personnel or operations in the northern and eastern provinces should maintain heightened situational awareness; those in Libreville and southern coastal regions face baseline urban crime and infrastructure risks rather than acute political or armed threats.

How GeoBit Would Assist

Security and risk teams monitoring Gabon should leverage AOI Monitoring & Early Warning on Woleu-Ntem and Ogooue-Lolo to detect emerging unrest, protest mobilization, or cross-border activity before they escalate. Multi-language social media and news OSINT (X/Twitter, Telegram, radio SIGINT) would provide real-time visibility into political sentiment, civil-society activity, and grassroots grievances across provinces. GIS & Spatial Analysis combined with Routing & Network Analysis enables duty-of-care teams to model alternative travel routes and safe zones for personnel in high-risk areas, and Regime Stability & Early Warning can flag structural political risks (e.g., factional tensions within the post-2023 transitional institutions) before they manifest as public incidents.

7-Day Outlook

No acute security deterioration is anticipated over the next week absent new triggering events. Political consolidation under the post-2023 transition framework appears to be proceeding without major public challenge, though governance capacity in remote provinces remains fragile. Organizations should maintain routine vigilance on northern border regions and continue standard duty-of-care protocols; no general escalation alert is warranted.

Highest-Risk Areas - Ranked

#State / RegionRisk1Woleu-Ntem722Ogooue-Lolo Province583Ngounie Province484Nyanga Province425Haut-Ogooue Province356Moyen-Ogooue Province287Ogooue-Maritime Province258Estuaire Province159Ogooue-Ivindo0

Sources

- rfi.fr
- punchng.com
- gabonews.com
- africaintelligence.com
- allafrika.com
- aljazeera.com
- iol.co.za
- rfi.fr
- justsecurity.org
- english.news.cn
- khaleejtimes.com
- en.wikipedia.org
- restoftheworldreport.com
- aa.com.tr
- theyeshivaworld.com

Previous Daily Briefs

A new Gabon brief is written every day - each with its own risk map and downloadable CSV. Here's the last week; use the calendar to go further back.

- August 30, 2026 CSV - \$5
 - August 28, 2026 CSV - \$5
 - August 25, 2026 CSV - \$5
 - August 23, 2026 CSV - \$5
 - August 21, 2026 CSV - \$5
 - August 19, 2026 CSV - \$5
 - August 17, 2026 CSV - \$5
- Browse every day by calendar Highlighted days have a brief. Tap a day for that day's map & analysis, or "csv" for that day's dataset (\$5).

June
2026SMTWTFS123csv4567891011csv1213141516171819csv20csv21csv22csv23csv24csv25csv26csv27csv28csv29csv30cs
2026SMTWTFS1csv2csv3csv4csv5csv6csv7csv8csv9csv10csv11csv12csv13csv1415csv16csv17csv18csv19csv20csv2122cs
2026SMTWTFS1csv2csv3csv4csv5csv6csv78csv9csv1011csv1213csv1415csv1617csv1819csv2021csv2223csv2425csv262
2026SMTWTFS1csv23456789101112131415161718192021222324252627282930

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Send to a colleague via Atlas

Atlas - our AI intelligence desk - emails them this snapshot personally. Nothing else, no list.

```
(function(){
var c=document.getElementById('shCopy');
if(c)c.addEventListener('click',function(){
(navigator.clipboard?navigator.clipboard.writeText(c.getAttribute('data-url')):Promise.reject()).then(function(){c.textContent='Co
';setTimeout(function(){c.textContent='Copy link';},1600);}).catch(function){});
});
var b=document.getElementById('shColBtn');
if(b)b.addEventListener('click',function(){
```

```

var em=document.getElementById('shColEmail'),m=document.getElementById('shColMsg');
var email=(em.value||'').trim();
if(!/^[^\s]+@[^\s]+\.[^\s]+$/i.test(email)){m.style.color='#c9584d';m.textContent='Enter a valid email.';return;}
b.disabled=true;m.style.color='#9aa48b';m.textContent='Passing to Atlas...';
fetch('/api/atlas-intro',{method:'POST',headers:{'Content-Type':'application/json'},body:JSON.stringify({email:email,source:"brief-share-gabon"})})
.then(function(r){return r.json();}).then(function(d){
b.disabled=false;
if(d&&ok){m.style.color='#8a9a5b';m.textContent=' Sent - Atlas will email them this snapshot shortly.';em.value='';
if(typeof
gtag==='function')gtag('event','generate_lead',{method:'share-atlas',source:"brief-share"});
else{m.style.color='#c9584d';m.textContent=(d&&d.error)||'Something went wrong.';}
}).catch(function(){b.disabled=false;m.style.color='#c9584d';m.textContent='Network error - try again.'});
});
})();

```

Automated by GeoBit AI from publicly reported events and open-source research. Context only; not a risk advisory. Recognized by Deloitte - NVIDIA Inception - Geospatial World Forum.

REPORTED EVENTS (MOST-CITED)

No high-confidence events in the current window.

Generated by GeoBit AI on 2026-09-01 from publicly reported events. Context only; not a risk advisory.